Grening Telegraph

POSLISHED EVERY AFTERMOOM (BUNDAYS EXCEPTED),

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING, NO. 108 6. THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet); by whom served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and Fifty cents for two months, invariably in advance or the time ordered.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1869.

"Phree Tailors of Tooley Street." Ir is recorded that the English sovereign once received a petition commencing with the momentous words, "We, the people of Great Britain," and bearing at the end the signatures of "three tailors of Tooley street." The thing was so sublimely impudent that it has made its way into history. But it has been reserved for Colonel Alexander K. McClure, figuring as the monthpiece of Andrew G. Curtin, John W. Geary and Henry W. Williams, to eclipse "three tailors of Tooley street" an exhibition of downright impudence hitherto without a parallel. Despatches from Washington inform us of the details of an interview between the President-elect and Colonel McClure which occurred yesterday at the headquarters of the army in Washington. The whole story reads like an invention of the newspaper correspendents, and we are almost inclined to doubt its truth from beginning to end. But if it be worthy of credit, it justifies the country in the belief that ex-Governor Curtin is not to be a member of General Grant's Cabinet, and that, in all probability, George H. Stuart, Req., of this city, is to be the representative of Pennsylvania in that body. This much Colonel McClure ascertained, and, although it did not appear to be entirely in accordance with his views, the country will rest satisfied.

Colonel McClure appeared before General Grant as the representative of Messrs. Curtin, Geary, and Williams, who have kindly volunteered not only to manage the Republican party of this State, but also to fix up the Cabinet for the President-elect. A letter from Judge Williams was presented by the mouthpiece of the three Republican Dictators of Pennsylvania, urging upon General Grant the paramount necessity of giving ex-Governor Cartin a seat in the Cabinet, if the Republican party is to be saved from defeat in this State at the October election. In presenting this epistle, Colonel McClure assured General Grant that Judge Williams is to be the Republican candidate for the vacancy upon the bench of the Supreme Court, which will occur at the close of the present year. It was also stated, for the information of the President elect, that Governor Geary had written a letter of similar import, and that he was to be the Republican candidate for Governor at the approaching election. Still another epistle as the sugar which has gone up was purwas reposing in Colonel McClure's letter-bag, chased probably months since, and as the signed by Judge Agnew, and insisting that by next crop, that ripens in the fall, is the first the selection of ex-Governor Curtin alone could General Grant command for his administration the confidence and support of the Republican party of Pennsylvania, and at the same time secure to the candidates of that party-that is to say, Governor Geary and Judge Williams-success at the polls in October.

Now, as a careful chronicler of the events of the day, we have not yet been able to ascer. tain the time and place at which Governor Geary and Judge Williams have been renominated by the Republican party of this State for the positions which they at present occupy. As far as we can ascertain, they are self-nominated candidates only, having thus far received the endorsement of a few local conventions and of certain political cliques of which Colonel Alexander K. McCiure may be taken as a fair and average sample, as a leader. And, speaking for a very large element in the Republican party of the State, we have to say that, if the Republican party is absolutely dependent for success upon the influence of the gentlemen trading in politics under the name and style of Curtin, McClure & Co., the sooner it is defeated the better, and the sooner it is undermined by the withdrawal of the influence of Curtin, McClure & Co., the sooner can it be reorganized for victory on

a more substantial basis. If Colonel McClure-we are not advised where he picked up the "Colonel"-had been content with urging the claims of Ex-Governor Curtin, and announcing the renomination of Governor Geary and Judge Williams, the "three tailors of Tooley street" might still have worn their laurels as the most impudent of beggars for favor at the hands of power. But Colonel McClure saw fit, as the mouthplace of Mesars. Curtin, Williams and Geary, to protest against the selection by General Grant of any such person as George H. Stuart, Adolph Borie, Mr. Welsh, or Aubrey H. Smith to represent the great State of Pennsylvanis in the Cabinet. These men, and all men of their class, according to the sublime McClure, have no sympathy with the active Republicans of the State, have no knowledge of the people and would so dispense the patronage at their disposal as to cause the utter ruin of the party in the coming canvass. General Grant appreciated this astonishing effrontery at its true value, and expressed his surprise that any loyal man should object to the appointment of a man with such a record as had been made by George H. Stuart. Thereupon the Colonel announced the fact that he had been "a good many years in active politics"-precicely how many he did not declare-during all of which he had not enjoyed the felicity of encountering Mr. Stuart. No one will presume to deny this assertion, for Colonel McClure fessional politicians, the men who, to speak

| plainly, do the dirty work of the business, and who do the dirty work alone. The hands of George H. Stuart, on the contrary, have not been solled by this or any other sort of dirty work, because all his instincts and habits are as far above it as the heavens are above the earth. But when Colonel McClure proceeded to declare that not five thousand out of the sixty thousand Republican voters of Philadelphia knew George H. Stuart, he lapsed for a moment into the role of a lawyer who is upholding a desperate case, and resorted to a contortion of the truth which might have been excusable in the Quarter Sessions, but which was anything but excusable or credRable to him under the cirenmstances. It is barely possible that there are five thousand Republican voters in Philadelphia who do not know Mr. Stuart; but it is quite certain that throughout the State and country he is known as a man of strict integrity, of the most devoted patriotism, of the most rational Republican views. The assurance by Colonel McClure that the selection of such a man for a Cabinet position would alienate from General Grant the Republican party of Penusylvania, and overwhelm it with defeat at the polls, fairly entitles that "active politician" to the palm of impudence and-shall we say

Taken altogether, General Grant met the effrontery of Colonel McClure in a spirit which will commend him more than ever to the confidence and esteem of the Republican party of Pennylavania, and of the people of the whole country. The Republican party of Pennsylvania has not the right, and-Curtin, McClure & Co., to the contrary, notwithstanding-does not assume the right, to select the Cabinet of General Grant. Of this fact the President elect is quite as well aware as anybody else, and for this reason he saw fit to deny the petition of the "three tailors of Tooley street."

The Rise in Sugar.

THERE is a great deal of curiosity experienced among the people on a very homely but certainly a very interesting subject-the rise of sugar. We are told, and on good authority, that within the past week that article of domestic necessity has advanced seven cents per pound, and this, too, with a rapidity which is decidedly alarming as an indication of its future movements. The universal question raised is, "What is the cause of this fluctuation?" The equilibrium of supply and demand, and all the other niceties by which moral philosophy seeks to solve such questions, are neither lucid or satisfactory answers. The cause of the present rise is ostensibly the Cuban insurrection, and the consequent injury done to the sugar crops; but the real reason will doubtless be found in a combination among the dealers, which has effected the increase under the guise of the troubles in the island. The rumors which come to us all indicate that, whether the rebellion continues unsubdued or unsuccessful, a very serious detriment will result to all cultivation; but to be affected by the difficulties, it takes a decided stretch of reasoning to see the cause in it for the rise in sugar seven cents in five It is well, however, to state, for the information of housekeepers, that the incapacity of Dulce and the courage of our fellow-townsmen, the Cavadas, are to blameso say the grocers-for the present increase; and as their shoulders are broad, it is probable that they will have to bear the responsibility for a yet higher rate of tariff for the article in question.

Small Change.

YESTERDAY the House of Representatives passed the bill reported by Judge Kelley from the Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures, providing for the coinage of new, five, three, and one-cent pieces, to be composed of copper and nickel, in the proportion of not less than twenty-five per cent. nor more than thirty-three per cent. of nickel. The one-cent pieces are to weigh one and a half grammes, the three-cent pieces three grammes, and the five-cent pieces five grammes. It is directed that these pieces shall be coined at the Mint of the United States on and after the first day of June next, or sooner if possible, and that the issue of treasury notes of ten cents shall thereafter cease. The Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, is anthorized to adopt a suitable device for the new coinage, which device he is not to change thereafter. This coinage is designed to previde a metal currency which will supersede the flimsy bits of paper which have been endured as necessary evils incident to the war, but which have, nevertheless, been considered as unmitigated nuisances by all classes of society. The bill might, with advantage, have included a ten cent piece in its list of new coins, but it is something to have the dirty, flimsy rags which have represented our small change for the last six or seven years done

away with. One good point in the bill is that which prohibits the changing of the device. Hitherto our coinage has been anything but creditable to the country, and the artists of the Mint have apparently exercised their ingenuity to give us as great a variety as possible without considering the appropriateness of their designs. The devices adopted for the new coins are nest, artistic, uniform, and in excellent taste, and unless some very excellent reasons should be given to the contrary, they should be adhered to in the future for all the coinage, whether of gold, silver, nickel or copper,

issued from the Mint. According to the bill passed yesterday by the House, the new coins are made legaltender to the amount of one dollar in any one payment, and no more. The old one, belongs to the class who are known as pro- two, three, and five-cent pieces will be redeemed in sums not less than \$50 by the

Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers of the United States. Judge Kelley has had this bill in charge, and he is entitled to credit for getting it through the House. We hope that it will be acted upon by the Senate immedistely, so that we may be relieved as soon as possible from the "stamps" which have done good service, but which certainly have had

Who is George H. Stuart?

COLONEL ALEXANDER K. McClune complains that he has been twenty years in politics and that he is unacquainted with George H. Stuart. Possibly not; for Mr. Stuart is not the man to thrust himself into the company of the political wire-pulling fraternity of which Colonel McClure is such a distinguished ornament. If Mr. Stuart had been in the same line of business-feeding at the public crib for the last twenty years-as Messrs. McClure, Curtin & Co., there would be no want of knowledge about him or doubt as to his fitness for a Cabinet position. There are a good many Pennsylvanians who know Mr. Stuart. and wko think that his selection for a seat in the Cabinet will be a fresh proof of General Grant's wisdom. For the benefit of politicians of the McClure school, we will state who George H. Stnart is. Mr. Stuart was born in Ireland, but for

many years he has resided in Philadelphia, where he is known as a merchant of unimpeachable integrity, and a public-spirited citizen. He has never been a politician, which we doubt not is one of his chief recommenda tions with General Grant. All his life long he has been an opponent of human slavery, and he has belonged to the Republican party from its inception. During the war he gave his steadfast adherence to the Government, and as the President of the Christian Commission he ought to have come under the notice of Colonel McClare. Since the war Mr. Stuart has never faltered in his attachment to the principles which governed him during the Rebellion, and the disinterestedness of his patriotism at all times is proved by the fact that he has never sought or accepted office, or busied himself about political intrigues of any kind. Mr. Stuart is a member and ruling elder in the Reformed Presbyterian Church, and his time and means have been liberally bestowed in promoting the cause of Christianity. Mr. Stuart is a man that will give dignity and influence to General Grant's Cabinet, and his appointment will be satisfactory not only to Pennsylvanians but the whole people of the United States, and only politicians who are itching to get their fingers near the public moneybags will have cause to feel disappointed.

THE GEORGIA PLANTATIONS,-The Macon Telegraph of February 18 says:-"Reports from the plantations all over Middle and Southwest. ern Georgia represent the most extraordinary activity everywhere prevailing. Every hand they can obtain is being employed and paid the most liberal wages. Every acre will be planted which can be properly tended. We think ten thousand more hands could now obtain employment in the black belt of Georgia, but they are nowhere to be found, and we must go forward with what we have. About as much cotton will be planted this as last year. but four times the amount of grain will be used. So that if the season is favorable a much larger crop will be raised. We are afraid the area sown in small grain will be less. We are passing through a delightful spell of weather. Winter seems to have entrely left us, leaving the farmer free to ply all his energy in preparing his ground and pitching his crop. Another year of prosperity and high price for cotton will place Georgia high in the fluancial scale-on the road to the position of not only the Empire State of the South, but of the Union. We have and will receive no less than \$40,000,000 for our cotton crop of 1868, and at least \$50,000,000 for that of 1869. This, added to at least one-third of those amounts for other products, gives us an abundance of money. Georgia and her people are no longer the poverty-stricken, army-ridden rebels they were a few years ago, but we are once more gaining wealth, luxury, and ease. Forward we go! Each year but marks a long stride in pros-

TAXATION IN GREAT BRITAIN,-Nearly the whole revenue of the British Empire from customs is derived from seven articles, and ninety-six and a half per cent. of the revenue from excise comes from spirits, malt, and licenses. The figures for customs for the last two years are these:-

Sugar and Molasses Coffee	367,190	1565. £5 582,41 2,827,31 390,11 869,3 4 298,44 1,468,66 6,542,22 581,44 104,55
Sundries		£22 664 9

The British income tax is little more than ten per cent., but yields, in gold, just about as much as ours; and the whole revenue of the kingdom is considerably in excess of that of the United States, although we tax some hundreds of articles where Great Britain taxes one. Yet the resources of the two countries are not practically very different in amount.

LONDON PAUPERISM.-From official reports recently published it appears that at the end of December last there were nearly 4000 persons less on the London poor relief lists than in December, 1867. In the third week of the present month the full pauper score was 149,885, the corresponding total in 1868 being 169,831. The western district contributes little to the decrease-smaller comparative numbers in St. George's, Hanover square, and St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, are nearly balanced by larger ones in Kensington, Fulham, and Paddington. In the north, St. Paneras, Islington, and Hackney show marked reductions in their present lists. The central unions in the aggregate have declined nearly 5000. Here the diminution appears to be general throughout the district. Where pauperism was at its worst, in the East of London, the better state of things is represented by larger figures, the total decrease being rather over 10,000. Bethnal Green and Whitechapel have lessened their pauper registers by 1500 each, Stepney by 2500, and Poplar by 3200 or so, now 7830 against 10,556 in 1865-In the southern district the general decline is 3000; and this is the more noteworthy because in the unions of Greenwich, Woolwich, and Lewisham there is an actual increase of 1000 paupers, for which dockyard reductions are re-

BLEEDING, once so favorite a practice in France, has now decidedly gone out of fashlon. From a communication made by a French do:tor to the Paris Figure, it appears that, at the central bureau of the medical establishments forming the department of what is called "L'Assistance Publique," 6151 prescriptions and 1513 verbal consultations were given in the year 1867. Out of these 7664 cases there were only two in which bleeding was prescribed. In the year 1862 the number of cases in which bleeding was prescribed amounted to 1266.

-Cardinal Cullen, in his regulations for Lent, published in England, warns his people that, if Freemasons, Ribbonmen, or Fenians, they cannot be admitted to the sacraments.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

COLD WEATHER DOES NOT CHAP or roughen the skin after using WRIGHT'S
ALCONATEDGLY ARINTABLETOFSOLIDIFIED
GLYCKRIN. Its daily use makes the skin deitcately soft and beautiful. It is delightfully fragrant
transparent, and incomparable as a Toilet Scan. For h & G. A WRIGHT, No. 624 CHESNUT Street,

NOTICE. - I AM NO LONGER EXtracting Teeth without pain for the Colton Sental Association, Persons wishing teeth ex-tracted absolutely without pain by fresh Nitrons Oxide Gas, will find me at No. 1027 WALNUT Street. DB. F. R. THOMAS.

THE GALLED JADE WINCES WATSON'S PHILADA. BUSINESS DIRECTORY.
The subscriber begs to call the stendion or the merchants generally of this and other cities to the above-named book, as he knows, and can prove to their satisfaction, that most of it is copied from GOPSILL'S BUSINESS DIRECTORY of 1863. This assertion delies contradiction.
GOPSILL'S BUSINESS DIRECTORY for this year contains all changes in Firms and location since 1868, whereas WATSON'S COLTAINS all the old firms and location as in Gopelil's book of 1868. We shall on a future occasion refer to some of the errors contained in WATSON'S DIRECTORY.

OHABLES MCGILL.
No. 1320 MARKET Street, Philadelphia.

CIFICE OF WATSON'S BUSINESS DIRECTORY.) No. 219 Dock Stree.

PHILADELPHIA, February 24, 1869.

To the Publ'c:—Our attention has been called to the shove card, which appears in yesterday's "Bulletin," signed by one Charles McGill, an irresponsible canvasser for Gopsil's Directory, reflecting upon the correctness of our work, and alleging that the same was copied from Gope(2's Directory of last year, which we pronounce an unmitigated taisehood, as reference and comparison of the two publications will satisfy the most skeptical, and which hundreds of merchants will testify to the efforts made by us to have our lists correct by submitting them to their personal examination in their respective branches of trade.

We do not claim entire perfection in our work, but we do claim a superior compilation and a better classification than any similar work ever published, and can only account for this attack upon our work as emanating from a non-resident publisher, in view of our intimation in cur work that we intend publishing the City Directory nevt year, and the unprecedented success of Watson's Business Directory.

As far as this Charles McGill is concerned we have our remedy at law sgainst him, and shall not fail to arroly it speeding. We mylic an inspection of our little volume.

RUSHTON & CO.,

24 31

Successors to Watson & Co.

"A NIGHT WITH BURNS,"-A LECture on 'ROBERT BURNS' will be delivered by TEOMAS ROBERT'S, Esq., by invitation of White Coss Lodge, No. 632 4, 0, of G. T., at ST. GEORGE'S M. E. CHURCH, FOURTH Street, b-low New, on FRIDAY EVENING, February 26, at 25, o'clock. Tickets. 27 cents.

TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL COM-TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL COMMEDICAL COLLEGE OF PENNSY-VANIA, at
MUSICAL FUND HALL, SATURDAY, February
27, at 12 o clock, boon. Valedictory Address by Professor PEMBERTON DUDLEY. A full band of
music in attendance. 225 2trp*

NOTICE.—OFFICE OF THE COL-LECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE POR THE SECOND DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA. Mr. JOHN LYON having resigned the position of Deputy Collector of the district, has no longer any authority to act in that cancelly, 225 ft JOHN M. DIEHL Collector.

ARMORY D CO., FIRST RECIMENT R. B. ORDERS NO. 15

I. Order No. 14, relating to the Dress Drill on the 25th irst. is hereby countermanded.

11. Members will assemble on FRIDAY, the 26th irst. at the armory, at 2½ o'clock P. M., in citizen's dress, to attend the funeral of our lamented late associate and fellow member, Edward Yarrow.

By order of J. ROSS CLARK, Capt. D Co., 1st Sergeant, 25 25 21

REPUBLICAN INVINCIBLES' EXcursion to Washington, March 3, 4, 5, 1869 to attend the Inauguration of the President of the

Persons desirous of participating with the Club are requested to present their names immediately.

TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP, 820.

Dress—Dark clothes, white gloves, and blue cloth regulation club cap.

Tickets and caps ready for delivery. For further information apply to

EZRA LUKENS,

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No. 147.8. FOURTH Street.

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The Company is new prepared to dispose of lots on REASONABLE TERMS. The advantages offered by this Cemetery are well known to be equal if not superior to those possessed by any other Cemetery We invite all who desire to purchase burial lots to call at the effice, where plans can be seen and all particulars will be given. Deeds for lots sold are ready for delivery.

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PETER A KEYBER, Vice-President.
MARTIN LAN DENBERGER, Treasurer,
MICHAEL NIBBET, Secretary.
111 cm

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA RAIL-PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS. The Annual Election for Directors of this Company will be held on MONDAY, the first day of March, 1869, at the office of the company, No. 238 South THIRD Street. The polls will be open from 10 o'clock A. M. until 6 o'clock P. M. No share or shares transferred within sixty days preceding the election will entitle the holder or holders thereof to vote.

EDMUND SMITH, Secretary. STEAM BOILER EXPLOSIONS .-Steam British Ash CROFT'S Railway, Steamship, and Engineer's Supply Store, No. 133 S. FOURTH Street, Steam and Water Gauges, Improved Satety Valves, and Low Water Indicators for preventing steam boiler explosions, and every variety of Engineer's supplies.

"A PENNY SAVED IS EQUAL TO two Earned."—The time to save money is when you earn it, and the way to save it is by depositing a portion of it weekly in the cid FRANKLIN SAVING FUND, No. 136 S. FOURTH Street, below Cheanut Money in large or small amounts received, and five per cent, interest allowed. Opin daily from 9 to 3, and 60 m Monday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

CYRUS CADWALL ADER,
216

Treasurer.

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE IS THE cheapest and best article in the market for bluing clothes. IT DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY ACID.

IT WILL NOT INJURE THE FINEST PARRIC Is is put up at WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE, No. 233 N. SECOND Street, Philadelphia, and for sale by most of the grocers and druggists. The genuine has both BARLOW'S and WILT-

BERGER'S names on the label: all others are

BARLOW'S BLUE will color more water than four times the same weight of indigo 1 27wf3m

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Bye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the lil effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, black or brown, sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 18 BOND street. New York.

CUSHIONS AND MATTRESSES stuffed with finest hair or feathers are subject to moth smell, and dirk. Elastic Spange is not only a more ecoromical substitute, but is subject to none of these inconveniences, is indestructible and is purily almost immaculate.

THIS SPRING STRENGTHEN AND impart from to the blood by the use of Eff. it. IBON BITTERs, tonic and pain able. For sale by BEURK Grote With.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PHILADELPHIA UNIVERSITY.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.—I.F. FISHER.
Frag., President: Rev. J. P. W. INGBAHAM. VicePresident: E. METZGER Secretary: W. PAINE,
Treasurer; JORN O'E YRNR, Solicitor.

A full course of Lectures, including all departments of Medicine and Surgery, to commence on the
first Monday in March, and continue until the first
of July. of July.

For particulars apply to W. PAINE, M. D., Dean of the Ficulty, University Building, NINTH and LOUIST Streets.

SCIENTIFIC LECTURE.

THIS EVENING.
HALL YOUNG MEN'S (HRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, No. 1910 CHESAUT STREET.

Dr. E. R. HUTCHINS Willecture THIS (Friday)
EVENING at 8 o'clock.
Satject..."Health; How to Preserve it."
March 5, GEORGE W. MEARS, ENG.
Spilest..."JOURNAY IS SWILLEST. Sulfied. 'Journeys in Switzer and.'
March 12. Dr. JAMES TY SON.
Subject. 'The Microscope.'
Tickets furnished at the Booms.

THE MIDNIGHT MUSIC OF THE MISERABLE CATS.

Oh! horrible cats, that coream and squall, Upon my neighbor's garden wall! That howl, and bite, and quarrel, and fight, About the middle of the night!

Your midnight music's in shocking taste; And if you don't stop, with all possible naste, I'll cause you to scatter, double-quick,
By heaving among you this half of a brick, You monstrous cat, with back like an arch, I wish you'd specially hurry and march; Better move off, sir, or, you may depend,

This brick will give you a "Grecian Bend. And you, old cat with the squealy voice, You can't conceive how I would rejoice To get a good shot, and to knock you flat, You horrible, howling old feminine cat!

Well, cats, yowl on, and I'll seek repose; And I'll thing about Rockhill & Wilson's clothes,
And merry will be the song I'll sing,
Of their elegant suits for the opening spring.

Let the cats sing on! We can stand it, if they can! And we will pur our whole minds on the clothes at the GREAT BROWN HALL. The Heavy Goods are falling! Falling! Fall-ing! Because it is spring! The lighter goods, of most exquisite workmanship, durable mate-tial and incomparable fit are ready for verrial, and incomparable fit, are ready for you, Come and see for yourselves, at

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The above brands of FLOUR are now arriving from the mills, and will be constantly on hand, and for sale in lots to suit to purchasers, by

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STEINWAY & SONS' GRAND TYTI square and upright Planes, at BLASIUS BROS.' No. 1006 CHESNUT Street. \$11 Grand, Square and Upright FIANOS.

No. 914 CHESNUT Street.

IMPROVEMENT IN TRUNKS. ALL TRUNKS NOW MADE AT

Have Simons' Patent Safety Hasp and Bolis, which securely lastens the Trunk on both ends with heavy Bolts, and in the centre with the ordinary lock. Positively no extra charge. GREAT CENTRAL TRUNK DEPOT.

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An invoice of these renowned Oats, weighing 40 pounds to the bushel, has been imported by the subscribers expressly for Seed, with the hope of improving our stock. They are offered at 85 per sack of two bushels, weighing 80 pounds net; no charge for sack or porterage. DAVID LANDRETH & SON,

Nos. 21 and 23 S. SIXTH Street. EMPIRE SLATE MANTEL WORKS.—J. B WILLIAM B. GREEN, BRICKLAYER, NO. 1540 S. FIFTH Street. 1 12 Imrp. GARTLAND, UNDERTAKER

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A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

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ETCHINGS. THE RUINS OF POMPEIL. RUINED ABBEYS AND CASTLES OF

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